TE - 118 600 - 4 - 66

GROLOGY OF THE SITE THE STRUCTURE SITE IS LOCATED ON APPORTION OF THE GLACIATED LAKE PLAIN, IN AN AREA WHERE SHALLOW GLACIAL TILL OVERLIES SHALE BEDROCK, OF DEVONIAN AGE.

EXPLORATION
THE EXPLORATION CONSISTED OF TWO DRIVE SAMPLE-CORE BORINGS, MADE ON FEBRUARY 7,
1968, AND FIVE DRIVE ROD PENETRATION TESTS, MADE ON MARCH 6, 1968. ELEVEN SUPPLE-MENTAL DRIVE ROD SOUNDINGS WERE MADE ON OCTOBER 14 AND 15, 1968. INCLUDED WITH THIS REPORT IS THE LOG OF A BORING MADE FOR THE ROADWAY INVESTIGATION.

INVESTIGATIONAL FINDINGS

DRIVE SAMPLE-CORE BORINGS BISCLOSED VERY DENSE SANDY SILTS AND SILTY SANDS TO REDROCK SURFACE, ENCOUNTERED AT 10 AND 12-POOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 759 AND 758 FEET. THE BORINGS WERE TERMINATED AT 25 AND 26-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 744 TO 743 FEET, AFTER PENETRATING 14 AND 15 FEET OF BEDROCK. THE AUGER BORING PENETRATED TO 25-FOOT DEPTH, ELEVATION 745 FEST, AND IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE TERMINATED ON HEDROCK SURFACE.

THE ROD SOUNDINGS ENCOUNTERED RAPID INCREASE IN PENETRATION RESISTANCE WITH IN-CREASING DEPTH, AND WERE TERMINATED DUE TO RATHER ABRUPT REPUSAL TO PENETRATION AT 7 TO 25-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 763 TO 745 FEET, CONSIDERED TO BE ON OR SLIGHTLY BELOW BEDROCK SURFACE, AS REVEALED BY THE BORINGS, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF ROD SOUND-ING NUMBER 2, WHICH IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE TERMINATED IN DENSE MATERIAL ABOVE BED-ROCK SURFACE.

NO FREE WATER WAS OBSERVED IN ANY OF THE ROD SOUNDING HOLES.

IF IT IS THE INTENTION TO FOUND THE PIER SUBSTRUCTURE UNITS ON BEDROCK, IT IS CONSIDERED ADVISABLE THAT THE OPEN EXCAVATIONS BE INSPECTED IN THE FIELD IN ORDER TO INSURE THAT THE EXCAVATIONS HAVE BEEN EXTENDED TO ROCK THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE FOUNDING AREA, PARTICULARLY IN THE VICINITY OF THE LEFT END OF THE REAR PIER AND THE CENTER FORTION OF THE FORWARD PIER.

UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TESTS ON SIMILAR SANDSTONE BEDROCK INDICATE: A CRUSHING STRENGTH ON THE ORDER OF 250 TORS PER SQUARE FOOT.

LEGEND

Ð	Auger Boring Location – Plan View.		zontal Bar on Boring Log Indicates Depth the Sample Was Taken.
	Press and / or Drive Sample and / or Core Boring Location - Plan View.		res Beside the Boring Log in Profile
•	Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Location - Plan View.		cate the Number of Blows for Standard stration Test. X = Number of Blows for First 6 inches. Y = Number of Blows for Second 6 inches.
	Capped Pile	Driv	e Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Log – Pro
		1	•

Resistance "R" < 10,000 lbs. Resistance "R" > 10,000 lbs.

Indicates Final Measurement of Penetration, in Inches. Indicates Free Water Elevation.

Indicates Static Water Elevation.

SYMBOLS OF ROCK TYPES

Coal		Weathered Sandstone
Weathered Indurated Clay ,		Sandstone
Indurated Clay		Leached Dolomite
Weathered Shale		Dolomite
	57-7	1 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Limestone

LOG OF BORING

		Station & Offset 251+00, 201 Rt Surf	Fiel	d Lab.			Phys	ical C	harec	terletic	:5		ŞHT
Elev. 770.0	Depth O	Description	No	l l	A00.	c.s.	9% F.S.	Sit	88	LL	P.I.	W.C.	Clas
766.0	2 4	Brown Sandy Silt	1		9	5	21	26	39	25	9	18	4-4
/61.0	68	Brown Sandy Silt	2	•	7	3	29	19	42	25	8	21	A-4
756.0	10	Brown Sandy Silt	3	-	8	3	38	17	34	21	8	25	A
•	16	Brown Sandy Silt	4		14	4	31	18	33	23	7	24	A
750.0 745.0	20 22 24	Brown Gravelly Sandy Silt	5		25	6	25	15	29	23	7	22	A

GENERAL INFORMATION

Drive Rod Penetration Sounding Tests

Drive rod penetration resistance tests constitute driving a 1.315-inch diameter steel rod, with a 45° cone point, into the ground, using a 122-pound drop-hammer with a free fall of five feet. At one or two-foot depth intervals, a measurement is taken to determine the amount of penetration achieved in three hammer drops. This reading is converted to an empirical value for capacity "R", in thousands of pounds (which is a measure of both the point resistance and frictional resistance on the rod), by using charts prepared by the Ohio Department of Highways, Bureau of Bridges, on the basis of correlation study of rod penetration with past performance of pile driving. For interpretation, a graph is prepared by plotting the value "R" against the depth at which the reading was taken, and connecting the plotted points. The curve so obtained reflects the density of subsurface materials in a manner that can be readily compared with data from similar tests at other locations on the structure site. From this comparison, the overall uniformity of subsurface condition may be evaluated.

Drive Sample Borings - Drive-Press Sample Borings

Drive sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. sampler, at 2-1/2 and / or 5-foot depth intervals, driven by means of a 140 pound drop-hammer with a free fall of 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler 12 inches is considered the standard penetration test.

Drive-press sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. drive sampler, and 3" O.D. thin-wall press sampler. The press sampler is advanced by continuous uniform pressure, applied by the drill rig.

The boring log sheets show a graphic plot of the information obtained, including depth and elevation of the sample, number of blows for the standard penetration tests in two 6-inch increments, depth of press samples, field sample number, sample description - based on lab oratory tests and the Casagrande AC classification system-and gradation, plasticity, and moisture content determinations. Results of strength and consolidation testing, if performed, appear on separate enclosures.

At depths where materials are bouldery or gravelly to the extent that the sampler can not be driven, a wash sample is procured for visual classification, in order to determine the general character of the material. These samples are not considered sufficiently representative to warrant laboratory testing.

Particle Size Definitions

12	2" (••••	05mm
Boulders	Cobbles	Gravel	Coarse Sand	Fine Sand	Silt	Clay
		No. 10) sieve No.	40 sieve No	, 200 sieve	•

Ela.		ring No	Rec.	Loss		T	Ĺ							
Elev. 769.2	Depth	Std. Pen. (N)	ft.	Loss fi.	Description	No.	Y. Agg.	c.s.	7 5 .	Silt X	Clay	L.L	P.I.	W.C.
107+2	_													•
	-				•								-	
764.2	4_							-			.			
	6_	15/20			Brown Sandy Silt	1	7	6	18	21	48	28	10	15
761.7	8	14/23			Brown Sandy Silt	2	10	6	13	24	47	30	9	16
759.0	<u>_w</u> _			ļ ļ					<u> </u>					
	12	,			TOP OF ROCK									
	14		4.9	0.1							,			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16				Brown Sandy Silt 1 7 6 18 21 48 28 10 Brown Sandy Silt 2 10 6 13 24 47 30 9 TOP OF ROCK									
	18		4.9	0.1	Sandstone, gray, medium-firm, medium-grained, crowith carbons come lawines, broken and jointed.	es-bed	lded,	∢.						
	20	1			The same of the sa		,,,,	,						
	22													
,		·	5.0	0.0	a wax	ා දුර	e de la companya de l	- ;	. rakta i	7-700	e - u		asasan da	C. Sales

TESTING LABORATORY 1620 WEST BROAD STREET, COLUMBUS 23, OHIO

STRUCTURE FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION BRIDGE NO. CUY-80-0470 OVER FITCH ROAD

NOTE: Information shown by this subsurface investigation was obtained solely fo the use in establishing design controls for the project. The State of Ohio does no guarantee the accuracy of this data and it is not to be construed as a part of the plans governing construction of the project.

CUY-80-1.90

REVIEWED BY CHECKED BY 3/21/68 R.D.R. LNL.

a 4					Casing: Length 11.5" Dia. 3 1/2" Station & Offset 250+12, 51' Rt. (Reap Pist)	· }		9	urfac	e El	ev2	69.4	· ·		
Elev.	Depth	Std. Pen.			Description	Sample						acteris	tics		31
769.4	 ` -	101	TT.	71.		No.	Agg.	C.S.	F.S.	Sil	Clay	L.L.	P.L	W.C.	
	2 ⁻			2											
764.4	6	19/27			Grayish-Brown Sandy Silt	1	8	8	17	27	40	27	9	16	4
761.9 759.4	8 10	26/36	•		Brownish-Gray Gravelly Sandy Silt	2	16	9	33	23	19	HP	HP	n	A-
257.9		29/41			Gray Silty Sand	3	10	2	57	15	16	KP	M	13	A-
	lev. Depth Std. Pen. Rec. Loss ft. Description 9.4 0 2 4 4 4 4 6 19/27 Grayish-Brown Sandy Silt 1.9 8 26/36 Brownish-Gray Gravelly Sandy Silt 9.4 10 29/41 Gray Silty Sand 12 10 5.0 0.0 Sandstone, gray, firm, medium-grained, micaceous in with carbonaceous laminae, broken and jointed. Company Silty Sand Sandstone, gray, firm, medium-grained, micaceous in with carbonaceous laminae, broken and jointed. Company Silty Sandstone, gray, firm, medium-grained, micaceous in with carbonaceous laminae, broken and jointed. Company Silty Sandstone, gray, firm, medium-grained, micaceous in with carbonaceous laminae, broken and jointed. Company Silty Sandstone, gray, firm, medium-grained, micaceous in with carbonaceous laminae, broken and jointed.			1\$.											
248.4			3.9	1.1					-					·	
,					Shale, gray, medium-firm, weathered with clay see No Core Loss.	ume, ber	oken	•	ŗ						•