MICHOEPED MED

Gray Sandy Silt

22 24

727.2

Shale, dark-gray, medium-firm, carbonaceous, with thick clay seams, very badly broken and jointed. Core Loss 52%.

BOTTOM OF BORING

5.0 0.0 Shale, dark-gray, carbonaceous, fissile in part, very badly broken and jointed. No Gore Loss.

CUY-480-4.86

								LEGEND	
E TI E TH CR	EOLOGY OF THE SITE HE STRUCTURE SITE IS LOCATED ON A PORTION OF THE GI REA WHERE SHALLOW GLACIAL TILL OVERLIES SHALE BEDRO KPLORATION HE EXPLORATION CONSISTED OF THREE DRIVE SAMPLE—CORE ENETRATION TESTS, MADE BETWEEN JANUARY 30 AND FEBRU WVESTIGATIONAL FINDINGS DRINGS DISCLOSED MEDIUM DENSE TO VERY DENSE SILTS, TIFF CLAYS TO BEDROCK SURFACE, ENCOUNTERED AT 13 TO 15 AND 733 FEET. THE BORINGS WERE TERMINATED AT 25 ONS 723 TO 719 FEET, AFTER PENETRATING 11 TO 14 FE HE ROD SOUNDINGS ENCOUNTERED RAPID INCREASE IN PENE HEASING DEPTH, AND WERE TERMINATED DUE TO REFUSAL AN ON AT 12 TO 14—FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 741 TO 738 I E VERY DENSE MATERIAL ABOVE BEDROCK SURFACE, AS RE- FREE WATER WAS OBSERVED IN ANY OF THE ROD SOUNDING LOG OF BORING	E BORINGS AND FOUR DRIVE ROD UARY 15, 1968. SANDS AND GRAVELS, AND VERY D 18-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS TO 32-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVA- EET OF BEDROCK. STRATION RESISTANCE WITH IN- IND NEAR-REFUSAL TO PENETRA- FEET, CONSIDERED TO BE IN WEALED BY THE BORINGS.	→ → · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Auger Boring Location Press and / or Drive S Core Boring Location Drive Rod Penetration Sounding Location - I Capped Pile Footing Footing on Pile Top of Rock	iample and – Plan Vie 1 Resistance	/or ew.		X/Y	Horizontal Bar on Boring Log Indicates the Depth the Sample Was Taken. Figures Beside the Boring Log in Profile Indicate the Number of Blows for Standard Penetration Test. X = Number of Blows for First 6 inches. Y = Number of Blows for Second 6 inches. Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Log - Profile Casing Resistance "R" < 10,000 lbs. Resistance "R" > 10,000 lbs. Indicates Final Measurement of Penetration, in Inches.
Date Started 1-30-6 Date Completed 1-3 Boring No. B-2	8 Sampler Type SS Dia. 1 3/8" 1-68 Casing: Length Dia	Water Elev.	di d						Indicates Static Water Elevation.
Elev. Depth Std. Pen. Rec. Los		Physical Characteristics			,		SYMBOL	S OF ROCK TYPES	
750.6 0 , 11. 11.		No. Agg. C.S. F.S. Silt Clay L.L. P.I. W.C. Class	8.	Coal	i	·			Weathered Sandstone
45.6 6 11/17 43.1 8	Brown Gravelly Sandy Clay	1 16 6 11 21 46 32 12 18 A-6a		Weathered Indurated	Clay				Sandstone Leached Dolomite
40.6 10 13/20	Brownish-Gray Gravelly Clay	2 31 5 9 18 37 32 11 18 A-6a		Weathered Shale					Dolomite
38.1 35.6 11/13 11/14	Brownish-Gray Gravelly Sandy Clay Grayigh-Brown Sandy Silt	3 15 6 9 22 48 32 12 15 A-6a 4 13 5 9 27 46 31 10 14 A-4a		Shale				建 国	Leached Limestone
16 50/* 32.6 18	Gray Silty Sandy Gravel	5 40 18 10 3 29 26 6 13 4-2-	4						Limestone
20 2.0 2.0 22 24 5.0 0.0	Shale, dark-gray, carbonaceous, with clay seam	s, very badly broken Core Loss.				Date Compl	d <u>2-1-68</u> leted <u>2-2-68</u> B-12	Sampler Type SS Casing: Length 11'	G OF BORING Dia 1 3/8" Water Elev Dia 3 1/2" +45. 60' Rt. (Forward Pier) Surface Elev. 747.9'
28			1 6 8	: [} [Elev. 747.9	Depth Std. Pen.		Descrip	
30 5.0 0.0 18.6 32	BOTTOM OF BORING			-		2 4			
Date Started 2-5-68 Date Completed 2-5- Boring No. B-10	-68 Casing: Length 21' Dia. 3 1/2"	Pier) Surface Elev. 748.21			742.9 740.4 737.9	8/10		Gray Silty Gravelly Sand Gray Sandy Gravel	1 24 42 21 -13 - NP NP 32 1 2 61 28 5 - 6 - NP NP 12 1
Elev. Depth Std. Pen. Rec. Los	Description	Sample Physical Characteristics SHT			12(17	50*		Gray Silty Sandy Gravel	. 3 42 12 9 24 13 22 3 12 1
48.2 O 2 4 43.2 6 8/11	Gray Sandy Silt	No. Agg. C.S. F.S. Silt Clay L.L. Pl. W.C. Clas			734.9	14	3.7 1.3	Shale, dark-gray, carbo	maceous, fissile in part with clay seams and vals, broken and jointed throughout.
			· ·		Sungay processor of the state of the	20		Core Loss 11%.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
38.2 0 9/10	Gray Sandy Silt	2 10 6 11 51 22 28 10 15 A-41				22	5.0 0.0	•	
35/65	Gray Gravelly Sandy Silt	3 22 18 16 19 25 NP NP 10 A-4	a ·	,		24			•

4 7 7 15 30 41 24 2 22 4-42

GENERAL INFORMATION

Drive Rod Penetration Sounding Tests

Drive rod penetration resistance tests constitute driving a 1.315-inch diameter steel rod, with a 45° cone point, into the ground, using a 122-pound drop-hammer with a free fall of five feet. At one or two-foot depth intervals, a measurement is taken to determine the amount of penetration achieved in three hammer drops. This reading is converted to an empirical value for capacity "R", in thousands of pounds (which is a measure of both the point resistance and frictional resistance on the rod), by using charts prepared by the Ohio Department of High-ways, Bureau of Bridges, on the basis of correlation study of rod penetration with past performance of pile driving. For interpretation, a graph is prepared by plotting the value "R" against the depth at which the reading was taken, and connecting the plotted points. The curve so obtained reflects the density of subsurface materials in a manner that can be readily compared with data from similar tests at other locations on the structure site. From this comparison, the overall uniformity of subsurface condition may be evaluated.

Drive Sample Borings - Drive-Press Sample Borings

Drive sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. sampler, at 2-1/2 and / or 5-foot depth intervals, driven by means of a 140 - pound drop-hammer with a free fall of 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler 12 inches is considered the standard penetration test.

Drive-press sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. drive sampler, and 3" O.D. thin-wall press sampler. The press sampler is advanced by continuous uniform pressure, applied by the drill rig.

The boring log sheets show a graphic plot of the information obtained, including depth and elevation of the sample, number of blows for the standard penetration tests in two 6-inch increments, depth of press samples, field sample number, sample description - based on laboratory tests and the Casagrande AC classification system-and gradation, plasticity, and moist-ure content determinations. Results of strength and consolidation testing, if performed, appear on separate enclosures.

At depths where materials are bouldery or gravelly to the extent that the sampler can not be driven, a wash sample is procured for visual classification, in order to determine the general character of the material. These samples are not considered sufficiently representative to warrant laboratory testing.

Particle Size Definitions

3" 2.0mm 0,42mm 0.074mm 0.005mm

bbles Gravel Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay

NOTE: Information shown by this subsurface investigation was obtained solely for the use in establishing design controls for the project. The State of this does not guarantee the accuracy of this data and it is not to be construed as a part of the plans governing construction of the project.

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
TESTING LABORATORY
1620 WEST BROAD STREET, COLUMBUS 23, OHIO

STRUCTURE FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION
BRIDGE NO. CUY-80-0499

OVER SR 17 (BROOKPARK ROAD)

CUY-80-4.84

CHECKED BY REVIEWED BY DAT

R D R. 2/27