863.3

857.5

855.4

34

Shale, light-gray, sandy, hard. Core Loss 16%.

Sandstone, light-gray, medium-grained, shely-in-part to massive at the bottom. Core Loss 126.

TE - 118 600 - 4 - 66

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

LEGEND GENERAL INFORMATION GEOLOGY OF THE SITE
THE STRUCTURE SITE IS LOCATED ON THE GLACIATED MODERATELY DISSECTED PORTION OF Horizontal Bar on Boring Log Indicates Auger Boring Location - Plan View. THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY PLAIN, IN AN AREA WHERE SHALLOW GLACIAL DERIVED SOILS **Drive Rod Penetration Sounding Tests** the Depth the Sample Was Taken. OVERLIE SHALE BEDROCK, OF MISSISSIPPIAN AGE. Drive rod penetration resistance tests constitute driving a 1.315-inch diameter steel rod, with Press and / or Drive Sample and / or a 45° cone point, into the ground, using a 122-pound drop-hammer with a free fall of five EXPLORATION Core Boring Location - Plan View. feet. At one or two-foot depth intervals, a measurement is taken to determine the amount of Figures Beside the Boring Log in Profile THE EXPLORATION CONSISTED OF TWO DRIVE SAMPLE-CORE BORINGS AND SIX DRIVE ROD penetration achieved in three hammer drops. This reading is converted to an empirical value Indicate the Number of Blows for Standard PENETRATION TESTS, MADE BETWEEN SEPTEMBER 25 AND 27, 1968. Drive Rod Penetration Resistance for capacity "R", in thousands of pounds (which is a measure of both the point resistance and Penetration Test. Sounding Location - Plan View. X = Number of Blows for First 6 inches. frictional resistance on the rod), by using charts prepared by the Ohio Department of High-THE BORINGS DISCLOSED THAT SLOPING BEDROCK SURFACE, ENCOUNTERED AT 10-FOOT DEPTH, ways, Bureau of Bridges, on the basis of correlation study of rod penetration with past perform-Y = Number of Blows for Second 6 inches. ELEVATION 686 FEET, IN THE REAR PORTION OF THE STRUCTURE SITE, AND AT 10-FOOT ance of pile driving. For interpretation, a graph is prepared by plotting the value "R" against DEPTH, ELEVATION 681 FEST, IN THE FORWARD PORTION OF THE STRUCTURE SITE, IS OVERthe depth at which the reading was taken, and connecting the plotted points. The curve so LAIN BY STIFF AND VERY STIFF CLAYS. THE BORINGS WERE TERMINATED AT 40-FOOT DEPTH, Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Log - Profile Capped Pile obtained reflects the density of subsurface materials in a manner that can be readily compared ELEVATIONS 856 TO 852 FEET, AFTER PENETRATING 30 FEET BELOW BEDROCK SURFACE. with data from similar tests at other locations on the structure site. From this comparison, the overall uniformity of subsurface condition may be evaluated. ROD SOUNDINGS ENCOUNTERED INCREASING PENETRATION RESISTANCE WITH INCREASE IN Footing DEPTH AND WERE TERMINATED DUE TO REFUSAL OR NEAR-REFUSAL TO PENETRATION AT 4 TO 11-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 889 TO 879 FEET, CONSIDERED TO BE ON BEIEROCK SURFACE. Casing AS REVEALED BY THE BORINGS. Drive Sample Borings - Drive-Press Sample Borings Resistance "R" < 10,000 lbs. Drive sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., NO FREE WATER WAS ENCOUNTERED IN ANY OF THE ROD SOUNDING HOLES. 1-3/8" I.D. sampler, at 2-1/2 and / or 5-foot depth intervals, driven by means of a 140 -Top of Rock Resistance "R" > 10,000 lbs. THE PIERS WILL BE FOUNDED IN BEDROCK AND IF IT IS THE INTENTION TO FOUND THE pound drop-hammer with a free fall of 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the ABUTHENTS ON BEDROCK, IT IS CONSIDERED ADVISABLE THAT THE OPEN EXCAVATIONS BE sampler 12 inches is considered the standard penetration test. INSPECTED IN THE FIELD, IN ORDER TO INSURE THAT THE EXCAVATIONS HAVE BEEN EXTEND. Indicates Final Measurement of Penetration, in Inches. ED TO ROCK THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE FOUNDING AREA. IT IS FURTHER SUGGESTED THAT THE Drive-press sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., AREA OF THE FOOTING CONTACT NOT BE SUBJECTED TO PROLONGED ATMOSPHERIC EXPOSURE. 1-3/8" I.D. drive sampler, and 3" O.D. thin-wall press sampler. The press sampler is ad-AND THAT THE EXCAVATIONS BE WELL DRAINED AT ALL TIMES. Indicates Free Water Elevation. vanced by continuous uniform pressure, applied by the drill rig. UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TESTS ON SIMILAR SHALE BEDROCK INDICATES A CRUSHING STRENGTH Indicates Static Water Elevation. The boring log sheets show a graphic plot of the information obtained, including depth and ON THE ORDER OF 100 TONS PER SQUARE FOOT. elevation of the sample, number of blows for the standard penetration tests in two 6-inch increments, depth of press samples, field sample number, sample description - based on lab -SYMBOLS OF ROCK TYPES oratory tests and the Casagrande AC classification system-and gradation, plasticity, and moisture content determinations. Results of strength and consolidation testing, if performed, appear Weathered Sandstone on separate enclosures. At depths where materials are bouldery or gravelly to the extent that the sampler can not be Weathered Indurated Clay Sandstone driven, a wash sample is procured for visual classification, in order to determine the general character of the material. These samples are not considered sufficiently representative to Indurated Clay Leached Dolomite warrant laboratory testing. Weathered Shale Dolomite Shale Leached Limestone Particle Size Definitions Limestone Coarse Sand Casing: Length 10' Dia 3 1/2" Surface Elev 891.81 B-9 Station & Offset 21+18, 27' Lt. (4th Pier) Depth Std. Pen. Rec. Loss ft. Physical Characteristics Depth Std. Pen. Rec. Loss ft. Physical Characteristics 891.8 890.8 886.8 Brownish-Gray Silt and Clay 0 0 3 60 37 43 14 19 44746 Brownish-Gray Silty Clay 1 10 0 2 46 42 49 19 26 A-7-5 885.8 TOP OF WEATHERED ROCK rownish-Gray Weathered Clay Shale 2 23 5 4 27 A1 38 13 14 Viens TOP OF ROCK TOP OF ROCK 16 18 5.0 0.0 3.9 1.1 Shale, dark-gray, gray-brown, (Clay stringers at 16.5' and 19.5') 20 silty, hard. Core Loss 10%. Shale, dark-gray, clayey with several clay stringers, weathered at top 1.5' feet. Core Loss 35. 22 24 9.7 0.3 861.2

the use in establishing design controls for the project. The State of Ohio does no guarantee, the accuracy of this data and it is not to be construed as a part of the plans governing construction of the project,

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS TESTING LABORATORY 1620 WEST BROAD STREET, COLUMBUS 23, OHIO

STRUCTURE FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION BRIDGE NO. CUY-480-1955 UNDER EAST 98TH STREET

CUY-480-19.43

Shale, gray, sandy, hard, thin-brown bedding streaks at 35 feet. Core Loss 6%.

9.5 0.5

Sandstone, light-gray, Core Less 95.

BOTTOM OF BUILD

*Befusel

855.4

REVIEWED BY DATE CHECKED BY 10/16/68 R. D. R.