GEOLOGY OF THE SITE
THE STRUCTURE SITE IS LOCATED ON THE BURIED VALLEY OF MILL CREEK, IN AN AREA WHERE

LACUSTRINE, DEEP ALLUVIUM, AND GLACIAL-DERIVED SOILS OVERLIE SANDSTONE BEDROCK, OF

EXPLORATION
THE EXPLORATION CONSISTED OF TWO DRIVE SAMPLE BORINGS AND NINE DRIVE ROD PENETRA-

INVESTIGATIONAL FINDINGS
BORINGS ENCOUNTERED UNSTRATIFIED LOOSE TO VERY DENSE SANDY SILTS AND GRAVELS AND

SANDS. THE BORINGS WERE TERMINATED AT 45 AND 55-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 802 AND

798 FEET, AFTER PENETRATING IN EXCESS OF 25 FEET OF MATERIAL REQUIRING IN BICESS

ROD SOUNDINGS GENERALLY PENETRATED TO GREATER DEPTHS THAN THE DRIVE SAMPLE BORINGS

CONSIDERED TO BE ON GRAVELS, AS REVEALED BY THE BORINGS AND THE GEOLOGY OF THE AREA.

FREE WATER WAS OBSERVED IN THE ROD SOUNDING NOLES BETWEEN ELEVATIONS 839 AND 833

LOG OF BORING

Cosing: Length 45' Dia 3 1/2"
Station & Offset 1160+41, 85' Lt. (Rear Abutment)

BOTTOM OF BORING

Description

Surface Elev. 847.71

Physical Characteristics

2 0 7 90 - 3 - NP NP 24 A-3

10 | 46 | 14 | 27 | -13 - | NP | NP | 8 | A-1-1

11 | 22 | 15 | 53 | -10 - | NP | NP | 14 | A-3

12 42 18 25 -15 - NP NP 10 A-1-1

AND ENCOUNTERED GENERALLY LOW RESISTANCE TO PENETRATION WITH INCREASE IN DEPTH WITH ERRATIC INTERVALS, INDICATIVE, OF GRAVELLY ZONES, AND WERE TERMINATED UPON ENCOUNTER WITH REPUSAL TO PENETRATION, AT 36 TO 110-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 817 TO 738 FEET,

THE PENNSYLVANIAN AGE.

TION TESTS, MADE BETWEEN APRIL 10 AND 23, 1968.

NO TEST PENETRATED TO BEDROCK SURFACE.

Brownish-Gray Silty Sandy Gravel

Brown Silty Gravelly Sand

Brown Silty Gravelly Sand

Brown Silty Sandy Gravel

Brown Silty Gravelly Sand

Brown Silty Gravelly Sand

Brown Silty Sandy Gravel

Brown Gravelly Sand

"Refusal

Brown Sandy Gravel

Brown Silty Sand

Boring No. B-1

Elev. Depth Std. Pen. Rec. Loss

o

30

40

10/14

Brown Sand

842.7

830.2

827.7

825.2

822.7

817.7

807.7

OF 30 BLOWS PER FOOT IN THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST.

## **LEGEND**

Horizontal Bar on Boring Log Indicates Auger Boring Location - Plan View. the Depth the Sample Was Taken. Press and / or Drive Sample and / or Core Boring Location - Plan View. Figures Beside the Boring Log in Profile Indicate the Number of Blows for Standard Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Penetration Test. Sounding Location - Plan View. X = Number of Blows for First 6 inches. Y = Number of Blows for Second 6 inches. Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Log - Profile Capped Pile Casing Footing on Pile Resistance "R" < 10,000 lbs. Top of Rock Resistance "R" > 10,000 lbs. Indicates Final Measurement of Penetration, in Inches. Indicates Free Water Elevation. Indicates Static Water Elevation. SYMBOLS OF ROCK TYPES Weathered Sandstone Weathered Indurated Clay LOG OF BORING Indurated Clay Casing: Length <u>551</u> Dia. <u>3 1/2"</u> Date Completed 4-23-68 Station & Offset 1162+89, 72' Rt. (Forward Abutment) Weathered Shale B-16 Surface Elev. 853.81 Elev. Depth Std. Pen. Rec. Loss ft. Physical Characteristics No. Agg. C.S. F.S. Silt Clay L.L. P.I. W.C. Class. Shale No. Agg. C.S. F.S. Sift Clay L.L. P.I. W.C. Class. Boulders 848.8 1 0 1 19 47 33 NP NP 23 A-4a Brown Sandy Silt 1 45 8 23 15 9 NP NP 21 A-1-1 846.3 2 10 3 19 38 30 NP NP 21 A-4a Brown Sandy Silt 843.8 Brown Silty Sandy Gravel 3 62 13 12 -13 - NP NP 13 A-1-6 841.3 Brown Silty Sandy Gravel 4 50 13 19 -18 - NP NP 15 A-1-b 3 | 28 | 21 | 38 | -13 | - | NP | NP | 11 | A-3a 838.8 5 0 8 85 - 7 - NP NP 18 A-3 Brown Sand 4 | 40 | 18 | 31 | -11 - | NP | NP | 12 | A-1-b 836.3 Brown Silty Sand 6 0 8 81 -11 - NP NP 14 A-3a 5 | 51 | 17 | 22 | -10 - | NP | NP | 6 | A-1-b Brown Sand 7 | 0 | 17 | 82 | - 1 - | NP | NP | 25 | A-3 6 | 53 | 18 | 18 | -11 | - | NP | NP | 10 | A-1-4 7 0 11 76 -13 - NP NP 17 A-3a 828.8 Brown Silty Sandy Gravel 8 | 54 | 14 | 19 | -13 - | NP | NP | 11 | A-1-b 8 30 27 28 -15 - NP NP 10 A-1-1 823.8 Brown Sand 9 0 1 89 -10 - NP NP 20 A-3 9 | 22 | 36 | 30 | -12 - | NP | NP | 15 | A-1-1

Brown Sand

Brown Silty Sand

Brown Silty Sand

Brownish-Gray Sand

"Refusal

813.8

808.8

## GENERAL INFORMATION

## Drive Rod Penetration Sounding Tests

Drive rod penetration resistance tests constitute driving a 1.315-inch diameter steel rod, with a 45° cone point, into the ground, using a 122-pound drop-hammer with a free fall of five feet. At one or two-foot depth intervals, a measurement is taken to determine the amount of penetration achieved in three hammer drops. This reading is converted to an empirical value for capacity "R", in thousands of pounds (which is a measure of both the point resistance and frictional resistance on the rod), by using charts prepared by the Ohio Department of Highways, Bureau of Bridges, on the basis of correlation study of rod penetration with past performance of pile driving. For interpretation, a graph is prepared by plotting the value "R" against the depth at which the reading was taken, and connecting the plotted points. The curve so obtained reflects the density of subsurface materials in a manner that can be readily compared with data from similar tests at other locations on the structure site. From this comparison, the overall uniformity of subsurface condition may be evaluated.

## Drive Sample Borings - Drive-Press Sample Borings

0 4 88 - 8 - NP NP 18 A-3

11 0 3 84 -13 - HP HP 18 4-3e

0 4 82 -14 - NP NP 20 A-3a

0 20 60 -20 - NP NP 13 A-3a

BOTTOM OF BORING

Drive sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" 1.D. sampler, at 2-1/2 and / or 5-foot depth intervals, driven by means of a 140 pound drop-hammer with a free fall of 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler 12 inches is considered the standard penetration test.

Drive-press sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. drive sampler, and 3" O.D. thin-wall press sampler. The press sampler is advanced by continuous uniform pressure, applied by the drill rig.

The boring log sheets show a graphic plot of the information obtained, including depth and elevation of the sample, number of blows for the standard penetration tests in two 6-inch increments, depth of press samples, field sample number, sample description - based on lab oratory tests and the Casagrande AC classification system-and gradation, plasticity, and moisture content determinations. Results of strength and consolidation testing, if performed, appear on separate enclosures.

At depths where materials are bouldery or gravelly to the extent that the sampler can not be driven, a wash sample is procured for visual classification, in order to determine the general character of the material. These samples are not considered sufficiently representative to warrant laboratory testing.

Particle Size Definitions No. 10 sieve No. 200 sieve No. 40 sieve

> NOTE: Information shown by this subsurface investigation was obtained solely fo the use in establishing design controls for the project. The State of Ohio does not arantee the accuracy of this data and it is not to be construed as a part of the plans governing construction of the project. OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS TESTING LABORATORY

1620 WEST BROAD STREET, COLUMBUS 23, OHIO STRUCTURE FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION

BRIDGE NO. CUY-80-2154 IR 80 & RAMP B-OBS OVER SR 14 (BROADWAY AVE.) SEC.

DATE REVIEWED BY R.D.R 5/15/68