

INLET PROTECTION IN SWALES. DITCH LINES OR YARD INLETS

1. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED EITHER BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE BEGINS ON BEFORE THE INLET BECOMES FUNCTIONAL.
2. THE EARTH AROUND THE BRIET SHALL BE EXCAVATED COMPLETELY TO A DEPTH AT LEAST 18 INCHES.
3. THE MODDEN FRAME SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 2-INCH BY 4-INCH.

DEPTH AT LEAST 18 INCHES.

3. THE MODDEN FRAME SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 2-INCH BY 4-INCH CONSTRUCTION GRADE LUMBER. THE 2-INCH BY 4-INCH POSTS SHALL BE DRIVEN ONE (1) FT. INTO THE GROUND AT FOR CORNERS OF THE INLET AND THE TOP PORTION OF 2-INCH BY 4-INCH FRAME ASSEMBLED USING THE OVERLAP JOINT SHOWN. THE TOP OF THE FRAME SHALL BAE AT LEAST 6 INCHES BELOW ADMICENT ROADS IF POMOED WATER WILL POSE A SAFETY HAZARD TO TRAFFIC.

4. WIRE MESH SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT STRENGTH TO SUPPORT FABRIC WITH WATER FULLY IMPOURABLE AGAINST IT. IT SHALL BE STRETCHED TIGHTLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTENED SECURELY TO THE FRAME.

5. GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SHALL HAVE AN EQUIVALENT OPENING THEMS.

6. GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SHALL HAVE AN EQUIVALENT OPENING THEMS. YAROUND THE FRAME AND FASTENED SECURELY. IT SHALL BE STRETCHED THOM, YAROUND THE FRAME TO 18 INCHES BELOW THE INTET HOTOM ELEVATION. THE GEOTEXTLE SHALL OVERLAP ACROSS ONE SIDE OF THE INLET SO THE ENDS OF THE CLOTH ARE NOT FASTENED TO THE SAME POST.

6. BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE BRET IN COMPACTED 8-BICH LAYERS UNTIL THE BRET IS FOR THE POST.

7. A COMPACTED EARTH DIRE OF CHECK DAM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN THE DITCH LINE BELOW THE BRET IF THE BRET IS NOT IN A DEPRESSION. THE TOP OF THE DIRE SHALL BE AT LEAST 8-BICHES HIGHER THAN THE TOP OF THE FRAME.

## TEMPORARY SEEDING

SEEDING DATES	SPECIES	Lb./1,000 S.F.	LB/PER ACRE
MARCH 1 - AUGUST 15	OATS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3	128 (4 BUSHEL) 40 40
	PERENNIAL RYEGRASS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	1 1	40 40 40
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CREEPING RED FESCUE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS	1.25 3.25 0.4 0.4	55 142 17 17
	OATS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	128 (3 BUSHEL) 40 40
AUGUST 16 NOVEMBER	RYE TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	112 (2 BUSHEL) 40 40
	WHEAT TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	120 (2 BUSHEL) 40 40
	PERENNIAL RYEGRASS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	1	40 40 40
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CREEPING RED FESCUE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS	1.25 3.25 0.4 0.4	40 40 40
NOVEMBER 1 - FEB. 29	USE MULCH ONLY OR DO	ORMANT SEEDING.	

1. STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIVERSIONS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE INSTALLED AND STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING PRIOR TO GRADING THE REST OF THE CONSTRUCTION STE.

2. TEMPORARY SEED SHALL BE APPLIED BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS ON SOIL THAT WILL NOT BE GRADED OR RENORIKED FOR 21 DAYS OR GREATER. THESE IDLE AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITHIN 7 DAYS AFTER GRADING.

3. THE SEEDBED SHOULD BE PULVERIZED AND LOOSE TO ENSURE THE SLACCESS OF ESTABLISHING VEGETATION, TEMPORARY SEEDING SHOULD NOT BE POSTPONED IF IDEAL SEEDBED PREPARATION IS NOT POSSIBLE.

4. SOIL AMENDMENTS—TEMPORARY VEGETATION, SEEDING RATES SHALL ESTABLISH ADEQUATE STANDS OF VEGETATION, WHICH MAY REQUIRE THE USE OF SOIL AMENDMENTS. BASE RATES FOR LINE AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE USED.

5. SEEDING METHOD—SEED SHALL BE APPLIED UNFORMLY WITH A CYCLOME SPREADER, DRALL CULTPACKER SEEDER, OR HYDROSEEDER, WHEN FEASBLE, SEED THAT HAS BEEN BROADCAST SHALL BE COVERED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING AND THEN LIGHTLY TAMPED INTO PLACE USING A ROLLER OR CULTPACKER IF HYDROSEEDING IS USED, THE SEED AND FERTILIZER MILL BE MIXED ON—SITE AND THE SEEDING SHALL BE DONE MIMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.

MULLCHING TEMPORARY SEEDING

MULCHING TEMPORARY SEEDING

1. APPLICATIONS OF TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL INCLUDE MULCH, WINCH SHALL BE
APPLIED DURING OR HIMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. SEEDINGS MADE DURING OPTIMUM
SEEDING DATES ON FAVORABLE, VERY FLAY SOR, CONDITIONS MAY NOT NEED MULCH TO
ACHIEVE ADEQUATE STABILIZATION.

2. MATERIALS:

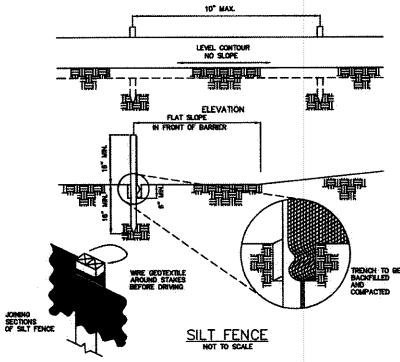
2. MATERIALS:
-STRAW-IF STRAW IS USED, IT SHALL BE UNROTTED SMALL-GRAIN STRAW APPLIED AT A
RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE OR 90 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT. (2-3 BALES)
-HYDROSEDERS-IF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER IS USED, IT SHALL BE USED AT 2000
LBS./AC. OR 46 LB./1,000-SQ.FT.
-OTHER-OTHER ACCEPTABLE MULCHES INCLUDE MULCH MATTINGS APPLIED ACCORDING TO
MANUFACTURIER'S RECOMMENDATIONS OR WOOD CHOPS APPLIED AT 6 TON./AC.
3. STAW MUCH SHALL BE ANCHORED MAMEDIATELY TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER.
ANCHORING METHODS.

ANCHORING METHODS: ANCHORNICAL—A DISK, CRIMPER, OR SIMILAR TYPE TOOL SHALL BE SET STRAIGHT TO PUNCH OR ANCHOR THE MULCH MATERIAL INTO THE SOR, STRAIN MECHANICALLY ANCHORED SHALL NOT BE FINELY CHOPPED BUT LEFT TO A LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 6

INCHES.
-MULCH NETTING-METTING SHALL BE USED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURERS
RECOMMENDATIONS, NETTING MAY BE NECESSARY TO HOLD MULCH IN PLACE IN AREAS OF
CONCENTRATED RUNOFF AND ON ORTICAL SLOPES.
-SYNTHETIC BINDERS-SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRI-TAC), DCA-70,
PETROSET, TERRA TRACK OR EQUIVALENT MAY BE USED AT RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE

-WOOD-CELLULOSE FIBER-WOOD-CELLULOSE FIBER BINDER SHALL BE APPLIED AT A MET DRY WT. OF 750 LB./AC. THE WOOD-CELLULOSE FIBER SHALL BE MINED WITH WATER AND THE MIXTURE SHALL CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF 50 LB./700 GAL.

STRAW BALES MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH BUT NOT IN PLACE OF SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION



1. SILT FENCE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE BEGINS.
2. ALL SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED AS CLOSE TO THE CONTOUR AS POSSIBLE SO THAT WATER WILL NOT CONCENTRATE AT LOW POINTS IN THE FENCE AND SO THAT SMALL SIMILES OR DEPRESSIONS THAT MAY CARRY SMALL CONCENTRATED FLOWS TO THE SILT FENCE ARE DISSIPATED ALONG ITS LENGTH.
3. ENDS OF THE SILT FENCES SHALL BE BROUGHT UPSLOPE SIGHTLY SO THAT WATER PONDED BY THE SILT FENCE WILL BE PREVENTED FROM FLOWING AROUND THE ENDS.
4. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON THE FLATTEST AREA AVAILABLE.
5. WHERE POSSIBLE, VEGETATION SHALL BE PRESERVED FOR 5 FEET (OR AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE) UPSLOPE FROM THE SILT FENCE. IF VEGETATION IS REMOVED, IT SHALL BE REESTABLISHED WITHIN 7 DAYS FROM THE INSTALLATION OF THE SILT FENCE.
6. THE HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE.

THE HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES ABOUVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND

SURFACE.
7. THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED IN AN EXCAVATED OR SLICED TRENCH CUT A MINIBUL OF 6 INCHES DEEP. THE TRENCH SHALL BE MADE WITH A TRENCHER, CABLE LAYING MACHINE, SLICING MACHINE, OR OTHER SUITBALE DEVICE THAT WILL ENSURE AN ADEQUATELY UNIFORM TRENCH DEPTH.

8. THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE STAKES ON THE DOWNSHOPE SIDE OF THE GEOTEXTILE. A MINIBULU OF 8 INCHES OF GEOTEXTILE MUST BE BELOW THE GROUND SURFACE EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL LAY

MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES OF GEOTEXITIE MUST BE BELOW THE GROUND SURFACE, EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL LAY ON THE BOTTOM OF THE B-INCH DEEP TRECH. THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE FABRIC.

9. SEAMS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF SILT FENCE SHALL BE SPLICED ROGETHER ONLY AT A SUPPORT POST WITH A MINIMUM S-INCH DVERLAP PRIOR TO DRIVING INTO THE GROUND. THE GROUND THE FABRIC OR AROUND THE GETOTEXTILE. IF RUNOFF OVERTOPS THE SILT FENCE, FLOWS UNDER THE FABRIC OR AROUND THE FENCE ENDS, OR IN ANY OTHER WAY ALLOWS A CONCENTRATED FLOW DISCHARGE, ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SHALL DESCRIBED THE SECTION OF THE SILT FENCE.

BE PERFORMED, AS APPROPRIATE: 1) THE LAYOUT OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE CHANGED, 2)

accumulated sediment shall be removed, or 3) other practices shall be installed. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE ROUTINELY REMOVED WHEN THE DEPOSIT REACHES APPROXIMATELY ONE—HALF OF THE HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE.

silt fences shall be inspected after each rainfall and at least daily during a prolonged

RAINFALL. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING SILT FENCE SHALL BE REVENED DAILT ID ENSURE ITS FOLLOCATION AND EFFECTIVENESS. IF DAMAGED, THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE REPAIRED MANEDIATELY.

CRITERIA FOR SILT FENCE MATERIALS I.FENCE POSTS-THE LENGTH SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 32 INCHES. WOOD POSTS WILL BE 2-BY-2-IN.

NOMINAL DIMENSIONED HARDWOOD OF SOUND QUALITY. THEY SHALL BE FREE OF MODTS. SPUTS AND OTHER VISIBLE IMPERFECTIONS, THAT WILL WEAKEN THE POSTS. THE MAXIMUM SPACING BETWEEN POSTS SHALL BE 10 FEET. POSTS SHALL BE DRIVEN A MINIMUM 16 INCHES INTO THE GROUND, WHERE POSSIBLE. IF NOT POSSIBLE, THE POSTS SHALL BE ADEQUATELY SECURED TO PREVENT OVERTURNING OF THE FENCE DUE TO SEDIMENT/WATER LOADING. 2. SILT FENCE FABRIC—SEE CHART

FABRIC PROPERTIES	VALUES	TEST METHOD
MANAGA TENSILE STRENGTH	120 LBS. (535 N.	ASTM D 4632
MAXIMUM ELONGATIONAT 60 LBS	50 %	ASTM D 4632
MANAGE PUNCTURE STRENGTH	50 LBS. (220 N)	ASTAL D 4833
MINIMUM TEAR STRENGTH	40 LBS. (180 N)	ASM D 4533
APPARENT OPENING SIZE	<b>▲</b> 0.84 MM	ASTA D 4751
MARKALM PERMATTIVITY	1X10-2 SEC-1	ASIM D 4491
THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	1 722 W	4504 C 4355

HORIZ. SCALE:	WERT, SCALE:	VALLEY VIEW, OHO 44125	SITE DETAILS FOR			-
HUNIZ. SCALE:	FERT. SURLE:	440-602-9071 FAX 216-969-0259	K. HOVNANIAN OSTER HOMES LLC.			
DAME DY KEG	5-9-2012		8325 CAMBOEN CROSSING WAY			
DRANN BY: KEG	DATE: 3-3-2012	ATTECH	S/L 55 IN THE CAMBOEN CREEK ESTATES PHASE NO.2			
SPI	DRAWING NO.: 20112519		PLAT VOLUME 60, PAGE 15			
CHECKED BY: SRL		- ENGINEERING + SURVEYING	CONCORD TOWNSHIP			
JOB NO.: 20112519	SHEET: 2 OF 3	Civil Engineering + Land Surveying	LAKE COUNTY, OHIO	NO. DA	TE DESCRIPTION	BY