

MICROFILMED
DEC 6 1982

GEOLOGY OF THE SITE

The structure site is located on a flat portion of the glaciated Mississippi Valley Plain, just south of the Lake Plain, where moderately deep to deep drift overlies bedrock, of Upper Devonian or Lower Mississippian ages.

EXPLORATION

The exploration consisted of two drive sample borings and four drive rod penetration tests, made between January 27 and February 5, 1966.

INVESTIGATIONAL FINDINGS

Borings encountered dense and extremely dense sandy silts and stiff and very stiff sandy clays. Borings were terminated at 51-foot depths, elevations 736 and 735 feet, after penetrating more than 20 feet of materials requiring in excess of 30 blows per foot in the standard penetration test.

Rod soundings met increasing penetration resistance with increasing depth and were terminated upon encounter with near-refusal and refusal to penetration at 22 to 24-foot depths, between elevations 764 and 763 feet, considered to be in extremely dense sandy silt and very stiff sandy clays, as revealed by the borings.

No test penetrated to bedrock.

No free water was observed in any of the rod sounding holes.

- Auger Boring Location - Plan View.
- Press and/or Drive Sample and/or Core Boring Location - Plan View.
- Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Location - Plan View.
- Capped Pile
- Footing
- Footing on Pile
- Top of Rock

LEGEND

- Horizontal Bar on Boring Log Indicates the Depth the Sample Was Taken.
- Figures Beside the Boring Log in Profile Indicate the Number of Blows for Standard Penetration Test.
X = Number of Blows for First 6 inches.
Y = Number of Blows for Second 6 inches.
- Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Log - Profile
- Casing
- Resistance "R" < 10,000 lbs.
- Resistance "R" > 10,000 lbs.
- Indicates Final Measurement of Penetration, in Inches.
- Indicates Free Water Elevation.
- Indicates Static Water Elevation.

SYMBOLS OF ROCK TYPES

- Coal
- Weathered Indurated Clay
- Indurated Clay
- Weathered Shale
- Shale
- Weathered Sandstone
- Sandstone
- Leached Dolomite

GENERAL INFORMATION

Drive Rod Penetration Sounding Tests

Drive rod penetration resistance tests constitute driving a 1.315-inch diameter steel rod, with a 45° cone point, into the ground, using a 122-pound drop-hammer with a free fall of five feet. At one or two-foot depth intervals, a measurement is taken to determine the amount of penetration achieved in three hammer drops. This reading is converted to an empirical value for capacity "R", in thousands of pounds (which is a measure of both the point resistance and frictional resistance on the rod), by using charts prepared by the Ohio Department of Highways, Bureau of Bridges, on the basis of correlation-study of rod penetration with past performance of pile driving. For interpretation, a graph is prepared by plotting the value "R" against the depth at which the reading was taken, and connecting the plotted points. The curve so obtained reflects the density of subsurface materials in a manner that can be readily compared with data from similar tests at other locations on the structure site. From this comparison, the overall uniformity of subsurface condition may be evaluated.

Drive Sample Borings - Drive-Press Sample Borings

Drive sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. sampler, at 2-1/2 and/or 5-foot depth intervals, driven by means of a 140-pound drop-hammer with a free fall of 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler 12 inches is considered the standard penetration test.

Drive-press sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. drive sampler, and 3" O.D. thin-wall press sampler. The press sampler is advanced by continuous uniform pressure, applied by the drill rig.

The boring log sheets show a graphic plot of the information obtained, including depth and elevation of the sample, number of blows for the standard penetration tests in two 6-inch increments, depth of press samples, field sample number, sample description - based on laboratory tests and the Casagrande AC classification system - and gradation, plasticity, and moisture content determinations. Results of strength and consolidation testing, if performed, appear on separate enclosures.

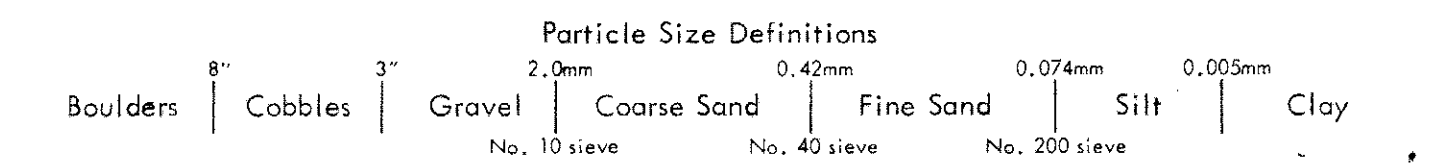
At depths where materials are bouldery or gravelly to the extent that the sampler can not be driven, a wash sample is procured for visual classification, in order to determine the general character of the material. These samples are not considered sufficiently representative to warrant laboratory testing.

LOG OF BORING
Date Started 1-27-66 Sampler Type SS Dia. 1 3/8" Water Elev. _____
Date Completed 2-1-66 Casing Length 10' Dia. 3 1/2" _____
Boring No. B-1 Station & Offset 2+18, 30' Lt., (Rear Abutment) Surface Elev. 786.5'

Elev.	Depth	Shd. Pen. (N)	Rec. ft.	Loss ft.	Description	Sample No.	Physical Characteristics										SHTL Class.			
							% Agg.	% C.S.	% F.S.	% Silt	% Clay	L.L.	P.I.	W.C.						
786.5	0																			
781.5	6	6/11			Brown and Gray Sandy Clay	1	11	5	10	30	44	35	15	20	A-6a					
779.0	8	11/17			Brown Sandy Clay	2	10	9	11	28	42	33	13	17	A-6a					
776.5	10	12/17			Gray Gravelly Sandy Clay	3	17	8	10	26	39	31	11	16	A-6a					
774.0	12	6/14			Gray Gravelly Silt	4	23	5	8	24	40	27	9	16	A-4a					
771.5	14	7/14			Gray Gravelly Clay	5	18	6	7	22	47	31	13	18	A-6a					
769.0	16	9/18			Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt	6	19	7	11	32	31	24	7	18	A-4a					
766.5	18	18/28			Gray Sandy Silt	7	9	7	11	40	33	23	6	11	A-4a					
764.0	20	17/26			Gray Silty Gravelly Sand	8	30	14	18	17	21	22	4	12	A-4a					
761.5	22	20/28			Gray Sandy Silt	9	14	8	10	38	30	23	6	12	A-4a					
756.5	24																			
751.5	26	20/30			Gray Gravelly Sandy Silt	10	19	12	11	30	28	24	6	10	A-4a					
746.5	28	50* (0.7)			Gray Sandy Silt	12	13	6	11	36	34	25	7	13	A-4a					
741.5	30	50* (0.7)			Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt	13	22	8	8	36	26	25	8	9	A-4a					
736.5	32																			
735.5	34	17/31			Gray Gravelly Sandy Silt	14	17	9	10	29	35	25	7	17	A-4a					

LOG OF BORING
Date Started 2-8-66 Sampler Type SS Dia. 1 3/8" Water Elev. _____
Date Completed 2-2-66 Casing Length 10' Dia. 3 1/2" _____
Boring No. B-6 Station & Offset 3+10, 28' Rt. (Forward Pier) Surface Elev. 786.2'

Elev.	Depth	Shd. Pen. (N)	Rec. ft.	Loss ft.	Description	Sample No.	Physical Characteristics										SHTL Class.			
							% Agg.	% C.S.	% F.S.	% Silt	% Clay	L.L.	P.I.	W.C.						
786.2	0																			
781.2	6	7/9			Gray Sandy Clay	1	13	4	9	27	47	32	12	14	A-6a					
776.2	10	9/17			Gray Gravelly Sandy Silt	2	15	6	9	27	43	26	7	14	A-4a					
771.2	14	8/15			Gray Sandy Gravelly Clay	3	19	7	8	22	44	30	12	17	A-6a					
766.2	20	20/30			Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt	4	24	6	9	33	28	23	6	10	A-4a					
761.2	26	15/23			Gray Sandy Silt	5	13	8	10	35	34	24	8	12	A-4a					
756.2	30	18/23			Gray Sandy Silt	6	13	9	9	38	31	23	5	12	A-4a					
753.7	32	25/25			Gray Sandy Silt	7	15	9	10	37	29	22	5	12	A-4a					
751.2	34	18/30			Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt	8	23	8	8	31	30	24	6	13	A-4a					
748.7	36	50*			Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt	9	24	6	10	21	39	27	9	18	A-4a					
746.2	40	50* (0.7)			Gray Sandy Silt	10	14	9	10	35	32	22	4	12	A-4a					
743.7	42	21/38			Gray Sandy Silt	11	10	9	14	41	26	19	3	13	A-4a					
741.2	44	14/34			Gray Gravelly Silt	12	20	7	6	29	38	25	7	14	A-4a					
738.7	46	14/30																		
736.2	48	20/21			Gray Sandy Gravelly Silt	13	23	10	8	24	35	25	7	15	A-4a					
735.2	50				BOTTOM OF BORING *REFUSAL															



NOTE: Information shown by this subsurface investigation was obtained solely for the use in establishing design controls for the project. The State of Ohio does not guarantee the accuracy of this data and it is not to be construed as a part of the plans governing construction of the project.

**OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
TESTING LABORATORY**
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STRUCTURE FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION
BRIDGE NO. CUY-IR 80 -
RELOC. ROCKY RIVER DR. OVER RAMP B-1
SEC. CUY-IR 80-7.09

CHECKED BY L.N.L. REVIEWED BY RDR. DATE 2/24/66