GEOLOGY OF THE SITE

THE STRUCTURE SITE IS LOCATED ON THE GLACIATED, MODERATELY DISSECTED MISSISSIPPI VAL-LEY PLAIN, IN AN AREA WHERE SHALLOW GLACIAL-DERIVED SOILS OVERLIE SHALE BEDROCK, OF MISSISSIPPIAN AGE.

EXPLORATION

THE EXPLORATION CONSISTED OF FOUR DRIVE RAMPLE-CORE BORINGS AND TWO DRIVE ROD PENE-TRATION TESTS, MADE BETWEEN MARCH 1 AND 22, 1972.

INVESTIGATIONAL FINDINGS

BORINGS DISCLOSED DENSE TO LOOSE AND MEDIUM-DENSE SILTS AND GRAVELS OVERLYING GENTLY SLOPING BEDROCK SURFACE, ENCOUNTERED AT 25-FOOT DEPTH, ELEVATION 749 FEET, IN THE FORWARD PORTION OF THE STRUCTURE SITE AND 32-FOOT DEPTH, ELEVATION 735 FEET, IN THE REAR PORTION. THE BORINGS WERE TERMINATED AT 50 AND 65-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 709 TO 707 FEET, AFTER PENETRATING 28 TO 40 FEET BELOW BEDROCK SURFACE.

THE ROD SOUNDINGS ENCOUNTERED GRADUAL INCREASE IN PENETRATION RESISTANCE WITH INCREASE IN DEPTH, AND WERE TERMINATED DUE TO REFUSAL TO PENETRATION AT 26 AND 29-FOOT DEPTHS. ELEVATIONS 745 AND 739 FEET, CONSIDERED TO BE ON OR SLIGHTLY ABOVE BEDROCK SURFACE, AS REVEALED BY THE BORINGS.

NO FREE WATER OBSERVATIONS WERE MADE IN EITHER OF THE ROD SOUNDING HOLES.

SINCE IT IS THE INTENTION TO FOUND SUBSTRUCTURE UNITS ON BEDROCK, IT IS CONSIDERED ADVISABLE THAT THE OPEN EXCAVATIONS BE INSPECTED IN THE FIELD, IN ORDER TO INSURE THAT THE EXCAVATIONS HAVE BEEN EXTENDED TO ROCK THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE FOUNDING AREA. IT IS FURTHER SUGGESTED THAT THE AREA OF THE FOOTING CONTACT NOT BE SUBJECTED TO PRO-LONGED ATMOSPHERIC EXPOSURE, AND THAT THE EXCAVATIONS 3E WELL DRAINED AT ALL TIMES.

UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TESTS ON SIMILAR SHALE BEDROCK INDICATE A CRUSHING STRENGTH ON THE ORDER OF 100 TONS PER SQUARE FOOT.

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\bigoplus	Auger Boring Location - Plan View.	 	Horizontal Bar on Boring Log Indicates the Depth the Sample Was Taken.				
\bigoplus	Press and / or Drive Sample and / or Core Boring Location - Plan View.	X/Y	Figures Beside the Boring Log in Profile				
•	Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Location - Plan View.		Indicate the Number of Blows for Standard Penetration Test. X = Number of Blows for First 6 inches. Y = Number of Blows for Second 6 inches.				
7	Capped Pile		Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Log - Profile				
	Footing	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	•				
	Footing on Pile		Casing				
TR	Top of Rock		Resistance "R" < 10,000 lbs. Resistance "R" > 10,000 lbs.				
Ф	Prop. Footing 1993	II Z	Indicates Final Measurement of Penetration, in Inches.				
		W	Indicates Free Water Elevation.				
		V	Indicates Static Water Elevation.				
SYMBOLS OF ROCK TYPES							
	Coai		Weathered Sandstone				
	Weathered Mudstone or Claystone		Sandstone				
	Mudstone or Claystone		Leached Dolomite				
Z	Weathered Shale		Dolomite				

Leached Limestone

Limestone

Shaie

Weathered Siltstone

GENERAL INFORMATION

Drive Rod Penetration Sounding Tests

Orive rod penetration resistance tests constitute driving a 3.315-inch diameter steel rod, with a 45° cone point, into the ground, using a 122-pound grop-hammer with a free fall at five feet. At one or two-foot depth intervals, a measurement is taken to determine the amount of penetration achieved in three hammer drops. This reading is converted to an empirical value for capacity "R", in thousands of bounds (which is a measure of both the bount resistance and frictional resistance on the roa), by using charts prepared by the Chip Department of Flanways, Bureau of Bridges, on the basis of correlation study of rod penetration with past pertormaance of pile driving. For interpretation, a graph is prepared by plotting the value "R" against the depth at which the reading was taken, and connecting the plotted points. The curve so obtained reflects the density of subsurface materials in a manner that can be readily compared with data from similar tests at other locations on the structure site. From this comparison, the overall uniformity of subsurface condition may be evaluated.

Drive Sample Borings - Drive-Press Sample Borings

Drive sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2% C.D., 1-3/8" I.D. sampler, at 2-1/2 and or 5-foot depth intervals, driven by means of a 140 pound drop-hammer with a free fall of 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler 12 inches is considered the standard penetration test,

Drive-press sample borings are made by means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. drive sampler, and 3" O.D. thin-wall press sampler. The press sampler is advanced by continuous uniform pressure, applied by the arill rig.

The boring log sheets show a graphic plot of the information obtained, including depth and elevation of the sample, number of blows for the standard penetration tests in two 6-inch increments, depth of press samples, field sample number, sample description - based on lab oratory tests and the Casagrande AC classification system-and gradation, plasticity, and moisture content determinations. Results of strength and consolidation testing, if performed, appear on separate enclosures.

At depths where materials are bouldery or gravelly to the extent that the sampler can not be driven, a wash sample is procured for visual classification, in order to determine the general character of the material. These samples are not considered sufficiently representative to warrant laboratory testing.



NOTE: Information shown by this subsurface investigation was obtained solely to the use in establishing design controls for the project. The State of Ohio does not guarantee, the accuracy of this data and it is not to be construed as a part of the clans governing construction of the project.

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS TESTING LABORATORY 1600 WEST BROAD STREET, COLUMBUS, OHIO 43223

STRUCTURE FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION BRIDGE NO. CUY - 480 - 1565 & 1572 IR 480 AND LANE OBE-JN UNDER CONRAIL RR CUY - 480- 15.22

CHECKED BY REVIEWED BY G. P. H.

REV. JAN. 1993

DATE

4/17/72