CUYAHOGA COUNTY CUY-480-15.22 CUY-176-10.14

LEGEND

GEOLOGY OF THE SITE

THE STRUCTURE SITE IS LOCATED ON THE GLACIATED, MODERATELY DISSECTED MISSISSIPPI VALLEY PLAIN, IN AN AREA WHERE SHALLOW GLACIAL-DERIVED SOILS OVERLIE SHALE BEDROCK, OF MISSISSIPPIAN AGE.

EXPLORATION

THE EXPLORATION CONSISTED OF FIVE DRIVE SAMPLE-CORE BORINGS AND NINE DRIVE ROD PENETRATION TESTS, MADE BETWEEN FEBRUARY 16 AND MARCH 24, 1972.

INVESTIGATIONAL FINDINGS

BORINGS DISCLOSED LOOSE AND MEDIUM-DENSE SILTS AND GRAVELS AND MEDIUM-DENSE CLAY, OVERLYING GENTLY SLOPING BEDROCK SURFACE, ENCOUNTERED AT 20 TO 27-FOOT DEPTHS, ELE-VATIONS 750 AND 745 FEET. THE BORINGS WERE TERMINATED AT 35 TO 55-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 735 TO 718 FEET, AFTER PENETRATING 13 TO 30 FEET BELOW BEDROCK SURFACE.

THE ROD SOUNDINGS ENCOUNTERED RAPID INCREASE IN PENETRATION RESISTANCE WITH IN-CREASE IN DEPTH, AND WERE TERMINATED DUE TO RATHER ABRUPT REFUSAL TO PENETRATION AT 19 TO 27-FOOT DEPTHS, ELEVATIONS 749 TO 746 FEET, CONSIDERED TO BE ON OR SLIGHTLY ABOVE BEDROCK SURFACE, AS REVEALED BY THE BORINGS.

NO FREE WATER OBSERVATIONS WERE MADE IN ANY OF THE ROD SOUNDING HOLES.

IF IT IS THE INTENTION TO FOUND SUBSTRUCTURE UNITS ON BEDROCK, IT IS CONSIDERED AD-VISABLE THAT THE OPEN EXCAVATIONS BE INSPECTED IN THE FIELD, IN ORDER TO INSURE THAT THE EXCAVATIONS HAVE BEEN EXTENDED TO ROCK THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE FOUNDING AREA. IT IS FURTHER SUGGESTED THAT THE AREA OF THE FOOTING CONTACT NOT BE SUBJECTED TO PROLONGED ATMOSPHERIC EXPOSURE. AND THAT THE EXCAVATIONS BE WELL DRAINED AT ALL TIMES.

UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TESTS ON SIMILAR SHALE BEDROCK INDICATE A CRUSHING STRENGTH ON THE ORDER OF 100 TONS PER SQUARE FOOT.

\oplus	Auger Boring Location – Plan View.	Н	Horizontal Bar on Boring Log Indicates the Depth the Sample Was Taken.
•	Press and / or Drive Sample and / or Core Boring Location - Plan View. Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Location - Plan View.	X/Y	Figures Beside the Boring Log in Profile Indicate the Number of Blows for Standard Penetration Test. X = Number of Blows for First 6 inches. Y = Number of Blows for Second 6 inches.
	Capped Pile		Drive Rod Penetration Resistance Sounding Log - Profile
TR	Footing on Pile Top of Rock Prop. Footing 1993	Z	Casing Resistance "R" < 10,000 lbs. Resistance "R" > 10,000 lbs. Indicates Final Measurement of Penetration, in Inches. Indicates Free Water Elevation.
		V	Indicates Static Water Elevation.
SYMBOLS OF ROCK TYPES			
	Coal	773	Weathered Sandstone
	Weathered Mudstone or Claystone		Sandstone
	Mudstone or Claystone		Leached Dolomite
	Weathered Shale		Dolomite
	Shale		Leached Limestone
	Weathered Siltstone		Limestone
e and a second	Cilentona	•	Boulders or Cobbles

GRAL INFORMATION

Drive Rod Penetration Sounding Tes

Drive rod penetration resistance teachstitute driving a 1.315-inch diameter steel rod, with a 45° cone point, into the grounding a 122-pound drop-hammer with a free fall of five feet. At one or two-foot depth imis, a measurement is taken to determine the amount of penetration achieved in three ham trops. This reading is converted to an empirical value for capacity "R", in thousands of which is a measure of both the point resistance and frictional resistance on the rod), using charts prepared by the Ohio Department of Highways, Bureau of Bridges, on the base correlation study of rod penetration with past performance of pile driving. For interprese, a graph is prepared by plotting the value "R" against the depth at which the reading ween, and connecting the plotted points. The curve so obtained reflects the density of saface materials in a manner that can be readily compared with data from similar fests at otherations on the structure site. From this comparison, the overall uniformity of subsurface cason may be evaluated.

Drive Sample Borings - Drive-Presepte Borings

Drive sample borings are made beans of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. sampler, at 2-1/2 and 5-foot depth intervals, driven by means of a 140 pound drop-hammer with a free f 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler 12 inches is considered the dard penetration test.

Drive-press sample borings are main means of a rotary-type drill rig, employing a 2" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. drive sampler, and D. thin-wall press sampler. The press sampler is advanced by continuous uniform press, applied by the drill rig.

The boring log sheets show a grame plot of the information obtained, including depth and elevation of the sample, num of blows for the standard penetration tests in two 6-inch increments, depth of press sampled description - based on lab oratory tests and the Casagrande Assification system-and gradation, plasticity, and moisture content determinations. Result strength and consolidation testing, if performed, appear on separate enclosures.

At depths where materials are basy or gravelly to the extent that the sampler can not be driven, a wash sample is procured visual classification, in order to determine the general character of the material. The samples are not considered sufficiently representative to warrant laboratory testing.

NOTE: Information shown by this subsurface investigation was obtained solely for the use in establishing design controls for the project. The State of Ohio does not guarantee, the accuracy of this data and it is not to be construed as a part of the plans governing construction of the project.

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STRUCTURE FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION BRIDGE NO. CUY- 480- 1557 & 1559 UNDER RAMP OBW-JN AND LANE JN - OBE CUY-480-15.22

> REVIEWED BY R. D. R.