

INLET PROTECTION IN SWALES. DITCH LINES OR YARD INLETS

1. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED EITHER BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE BEGINS OR BEFORE THE INLET BECOMES FUNCTIONAL.
2. THE EARTH AROUND THE INLET SHALL BE EXCAVATED COMPLETELY TO A DEPTH AT LEAST 18 INCHES.

DEPTH AT LEAST 18 INCHES.

3. THE WOODEN FRAME SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 2-INCH BY 4-INCH CONSTRUCTION GRADE LUMBER. THE 2-INCH BY 4-INCH POSTS SHALL BE DRIVEN ONE (1) FT. INTO THE GROUND AT FOR CORNERS OF THE MET AND THE TOP PORTION OF 2-INCH BY 4-INCH FRAME ASSEMBLED USING THE OVERLAP JOINT SHOWN. THE TOP OF THE FRAME SHALL B4E AT LEAST 6 INCHES BELOW ADJACENT ROADS IF PONDED WATER WILL POSE A SAFETY HAZARD TO TRAFFIC.

HAZARD TO TRAFFIC.

4. WIRE MESH SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT STRENGTH TO SUPPORT FABRIC WITH WATER FULLY IMPOUNDED AGAINST IT. IT SHALL BE STRETCHED TIGHTLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTENED SECURELY TO THE FRAME.

5. GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SHALL HAVE AN EQUIVALENT OPENING SIZE OF 20-40 SEVE AND BE RESISTANT TO SUNLIGHT. IT SHALL BE STRETECHED TIGHTLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTENED SERCURELY. IT SHALL EXTEND FROM THE TOP OF THE FRAME TO 18 INCHES BELOW THE INVITED HELVATION. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL OVERLAP ACROSS ONE SIDE OF THE INLET SO THE ENDS OF THE CLOTH ARE NOT FASTENED TO THE SAME POST.

6. BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE INLET IN COMPACTED 6-INCH LAYERS UNTIL THE EARTH IS EVEN WITH NOTCH ELEVATION ON ENDS AND TOP ELEVATION ON SIDES.

7. A COMPACTED EARTH DIKE OR CHECK DAM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN THE

7. A COMPACTED EARTH DIKE OR CHECK DAM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN THE DITCH LINE BELOW THE INLET IF THE INLET IS NOT IN A DEPRESSION. THE TOP OF THE DIKE SHALL BE AT LEAST 6-INCHES HIGHER THAN THE TOP OF THE FRAME.

TEMPORARY SEEDING

SEEDING DATES	SPECIES	. Lb./1,000 S.F.	LB/PER ACRE
MARCH 1 - AUGUST 15	OATS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	128 (4 BUSHEL) 40 40
	PERENNIAL RYEGRASS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	1 1 1	40 40 40
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CREEPING RED FESCUE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS	1.25 3.25 0.4 0.4	55 142 17 17
	OATS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	128 (3 BUSHEL) 40 40
AUGUST 16 - NOVEMBER	RYE TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	112 (2 BUSHEL) 40 40
	WHEAT TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	120 (2 BUSHEL) 40 40
	PERENNIAL RYEGRASS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	1 1	40 40 40
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CREEPING RED FESCUE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS	1.25 3.25 0.4 0.4	40 40 40
NOVEMBER 1 - FEB. 29	USE MULCH ONLY OR D	ORMANT SEEDING.	

1. STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIVERSIONS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE INSTALLED AND STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING PRIOR TO GRADING THE REST OF THE CONSTRUCTION STE.

2. TEMPORARY SEED SHALL BE APPLIED BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS ON SOIL THAT WILL NOT BE GRADED OR REWORKED FOR 21 DAYS OR GREATER. THESE IDLE AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITHIN 7 DAYS AFTER GRADING.

3. THE SEEDBED SHOULD BE PULVERIZED AND LOOSE TO ENSURE THE SUCCESS OF ESTABLISHING VEGETATION. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHOULD NOT BE POSTPONED IF IDEAL SEEDBED PREPARATION IS NOT POSSIBLE.

4. SOIL AMENDMENTS—TEMPORARY VEGETATION SEEDING RATES SHALL ESTABLISH ADEQUATE STANDS OF VEGETATION, WHICH MAY REQUIRE THE USE OF SOIL AMENDMENTS. BASE RATES FOR LIME AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE USED.

5. SEEDING METHOD—SEED SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY WITH A CYCLONE SPREADER, DRILL, CULTPACKER SEEDER, OR HYDROSEEDER, WHEN FEASIBLE, SEED THAT HAS BEEN BROADCAST SHALL BE COVERED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING AND THEN LIGHTLY TAMPED INTO PLACE USING A ROLLER OR CULTIPACKER. IF HYDROSEEDING IS USED, THE SEED AND FERTILIZER WILL BE MIXED ON—SITE AND THE SEEDING SHALL BE DONE IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION. WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.

MULCHING TEMPORARY SEEDING.

1. APPLICATIONS OF TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL INCLUDE MULCH, WHICH SHALL BE APPLIED DURING OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. SEEDINGS MADE DURING OPTIMUM SEEDING DATES ON FAVORABLE, VERY FLAT SOIL CONDITIONS MAY NOT NEED MULCH TO ACHIEVE ADEQUATE STABILIZATION. 2. MATERIALS:

2. MATERIALS:
-STRAW-IF STRAW IS USED, IT SHALL BE UNROTTED SMALL-GRAIN STRAW APPLIED AT A
RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE OR 90 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT. (2-3 BALES)
-HYDROSEEDERS-IF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER IS USED, IT SHALL BE USED AT 2000
LBS./AC. OR 46 LB./1,000-SQ.FT.
-OTHER-OTHER ACCEPTABLE MULCHES INCLUDE MULCH MATTINGS APPLIED ACCORDING TO

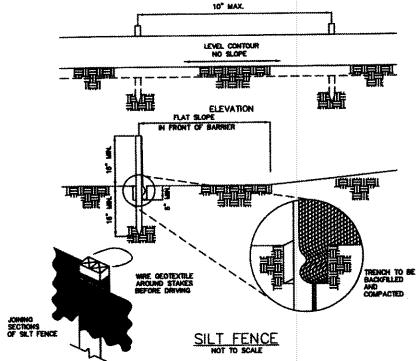
MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS OR WOOD CHIPS APPLIED AT 6 TON/AC.

3. STAW MULCH SHALL BE ANCHORED IMMEDIATELY TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER.

ANCHORING METHODS:
--MECHANICAL-A DISK, CRIMPER, OR SIMILAR TYPE TOOL SHALL BE SET STRAIGHT TO
PUNCH OR ANCHOR THE MULCH MATERIAL INTO THE SOIL. STRAW MECHANICALLY
ANCHORED SHALL NOT BE FINELY CHOPPED BUT LEFT TO A LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 6

INCHES.
-MULCH NETTING-NETTING SHALL BE USED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURERS
RECOMMENDATIONS. NETTING MAY BE NECESSARY TO HOLD MULCH IN PLACE IN AREAS OF
CONCENTRATED RUNOFF AND ON CRITICAL SLOPES.
-SYNTHETIC BINDERS-SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRI-TAC), DCA-70,
PETROSET, TERRA TRACK OR EQUIVALENT MAY BE USED AT RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE
MANUFACTURER.

STRAW BALES MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH BUT NOT IN PLACE OF SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION



1. SILT FENCE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE BEGINS.
2. ALL SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED AS CLOSE TO THE CONTOUR AS POSSIBLE SO THAT WATER WILL NOT CONCENTRATE AT LOW POINTS IN THE FENCE AND SO THAT SMALLS SWALES OR DEPRESSIONS THAT MAY CARRY SMALL CONCENTRATED FLOWS TO THE SILT FENCE ARE DISSIPATED ALONG ITS LENGTH.
3. ENDS OF THE SILT FENCES SHALL BE BROUGHT UPSLOPE SLIGHTLY SO THAT WATER PONDED BY THE SILT FENCE WILL BE PREVENTED FROM FLOWING AROUND THE ENDS.
4. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON THE FLATTEST AREA AVAILABLE.
5. WHERE POSSIBLE, VEGETATION SHALL BE PRESERVED FOR 5 FEET (OR AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE) UPSLOPE FROM THE SILT FENCE. IF VEGETATION IS REMOVED, IT SHALL BE REESTABLISHED WITHIN 7 DAYS FROM THE INSTALLATION OF THE SILT FENCE.
6. THE HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 16 INCHES ABOUND THE ORIGINAL CROUND

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SURFACE.

7. THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED IN AN EXCAVATED OR SLICED TRENCH CUT A MINIUM OF 6 INCHES DEEP. THE TRENCH SHALL BE MADE WITH A TRENCHER, CABLE LAYING MACHINE, SICING MACHINE, OR OTHER SLITTBALE DEVICE THAT WILL ENSURE AN ADEQUATELY UNIFORM TRENCH DEPTH.

8. THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE STAKES ON THE DOWNSHOPE SIDE OF THE GEOTEXTILE. A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES OF GEOTEXTILE MUST BE BELOW THE GROUND SURFACE EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL LAY ON THE BOTTOM OF THE 6-INCH DEEP TRECH. THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE FABRIC.

BOTH SIDES OF THE FABRIC.

9. SEAMS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF SILT FENCE SHALL BE SPLICED TOGETHER ONLY AT A SUPPORT POST WITH A MINIMUM 6-INCH OVERLAP PRIOR TO DRIVING INTO THE GROUND.

10. MAINTENANCE-SILT FENCE SHALL ALLOW RUNOFF TO PASS ONLY AS DIFFUSE FLOW THROUGH THE GETOTEXTILE. IF RUNOFF OVERTOPS THE SILT FENCE, FLOWS UNDER THE FABRIC OR AROUND THE FENCE ENDS, OR IN ANY OTHER WAY ALLOWS A CONCENTRATED FLOW DISCHARGE, ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE REDERORMED, AS APPROPRIED. 1) THE LAYOUT OF THE CUT FENCE CUALL BE CHARGED.

BE PERFORMED, AS APPROPRIATE: 1) THE LAYOUT OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE CHANGED, 2) ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED, OR 3) OTHER PRACTICES SHALL BE INSTALLED. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE ROUTINELY REMOVED WHEN THE DEPOSIT REACHES APPROXIMATELY ONE—HALF OF THE HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE

SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND AT LEAST DAILY DURING A PROLONGED RAINFALL. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING SILT FENCE SHALL BE REVIEWED DAILY TO ENSURE ITS PROPER LOCATION AND EFFECTIVENESS. IF DAMAGED, THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY.

CRITERIA FOR SILT FENCE MATERIALS

1.FENCE POSTS—THE LENGTH SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 32 INCHES. WOOD POSTS WILL BE 2-BY-2-IN.

NOMINAL DIMENSIONED HARDWOOD OF SOUND QUALITY. THEY SHALL BE FREE OF KNOTS, SPLITS AND OTHER MOBILE IMPERFECTIONS, THAT WILL WEAKEN THE POSTS. THE MAXIMUM SPACING BETWEEN POSTS SHALL BE 10 FEET. POSTS SHALL BE DRIVEN A MINIMUM 16 INCHES INTO THE GROUND, WHERE POSSIBLE, IF NOT POSSIBLE, THE POSTS SHALL BE ADEQUATELY SECURED TO PREVENT OVERTURNING OF THE FENCE DUE TO SECTIMENT AND TEST SHALL BE CRITERIA FOR SILT FENCE MATERIALS SEDIMENT/WATER LOADING. 2. SILT FENCE FABRIC-SEE CHART

FABRIC PROPERTIES		TEST METHOD
MINIMUM TENSILE STRENGTH	120 LBS. (535 N)	ASTM D 4632
MAXIMUM ELONGATIONAT 60 LBS.	50 %	ASTM D 4632
MINIMUM PUNCTURE STRENGTH	50 LBS. (220 N)	ASTM D 4833
MINIMUM TEAR STRENGTH	40 LBS. (180 N)	ASTM D 4533
APPARENT OPENING SIZE	<i>≤ 0.84 MM</i>	ASTM D 4751
MINIMUM PERMITTIVITY	1X10-2 SEC-1	ASTM D 4491
UV EXPOSURE STRENGTH RETENTION	70 X	ASTM G 4355

			SITE DETAILS			
		5425 WARNER ROAD - SLITE 12 VALLEY VIEW, OHO 44125		\vdash		\Box
HORIZ. SCALE:	VERT. SCALE:	440-602-9071 FAX 216-360-0250	FOR B.R. KNEZ CONSTRUCTION, INC.	 		H
		440-002-9071 PAX 210-300-0206	POTTERS TRAIL			H
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